VIDYASAGAR UNIVERSITY



Curriculum for 3-Year B Sc (General) in

Physics Under Choice Based Credit System (CBCS) w.e.f 2018-2019

VIDYASAGAR UNIVERSITY

B Sc (General) in Physics

[Choice Based Credit System]

Year	Semester	Course	Course	Course Title	Credit	L-T-P		Mar	ks
1	ı	Туре	Code	SEMESTER-I			CA	ESE	TOTAL
_		Core-1 (DSC-1A)		Mechanics - Lab	6	4-0-4	15	60	75
		Core-2 (DSC-2A)		Other Discipline/TBD	6	4-0-4/ 5-1-0	15	60	75
		Core-3 (DSC-3A)		Other Discipline/TBD	6	4-0-4/ 5-1-0	15	60	75
		AECC-1 (Elective)		English/MIL	2	1-1-0	10	40	50
				Semester - I : Total	20				275
	II	SEMESTER-II							
		Core-4 (DSC-1B)		Electricity and Magnetism - Lab	6	4-0-4	15	60	75
		Core-5 (DSC-2B)		Other Discipline/TBD	6	4-0-4/ 5-1-0	15	60	75
		Core-6 (DSC-3B)		Other Discipline/TBD	6	4-0-4/ 5-1-0	15	60	75
		AECC-2 (Elective)		Environmental Studies	4		20	80	100
				Semester - 2 : Total	22				325

Year	Semester	Course Type	Course Code	Course Title	Credit	L-T-P		Marl	KS
2	III	SEMESTER-III			•	•	CA	ESE	TOTAL
		Core-7 (DSC-1C)		Thermal Physics and Statistical Mechanics - Lab	6	4-0-4	15	60	75
		Core-8 (DSC-2C)		Other Discipline/TBD	6	4-0-4/ 5-1-0	15	60	75
		Core-9 (DSC-3C)		Other Discipline/TBD	6	4-0-4/ 5-1-0	15	60	75
		SEC-1		TBD	2	1-1-0/ 1-0-2	10	40	50
				Semester - 3 : Total	20				275
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	IV	SEMESTER-IV							
		Core-10 (DSC-1D)		Waves and Optics - Lab	6	4-0-4	15	60	75
		Core-11 (DSC-2D)		Other Discipline/TBD	6	4-0-4/ 5-1-0	15	60	75
		Core-12 (DSC-3D)		Other Discipline/TBD	6	4-0-4/ 5-1-0	15	60	75
		SEC-2		TBD	2	1-1-0/ 1-0-2	10	40	50
				Semester - 4 : Total	20				275

Year	Semester	Course Type	Course Code	Course Title	Credit	L-T-P		Mar	ks
3	V	.,,,,	SEMESTER-V			CA	ESE	TOTAL	
		DSE-1A		Discipline-1(Physics)	6	4-0-4/ 5-1-0	15	60	75
		DSE-2A		Other Discipline/TBD	6	4-0-4/ 5-1-0	15	60	75
		DSE-3A		Other Discipline/TBD	6	4-0-4/ 5-1-0	15	60	75
		SEC-3		TBD	2	1-1-0/ 1-0-2	10	40	50
				Semester - 5 : Total	20				275
	VI			SEMESTER-VI					
		DSE-1B		Discipline-1(Physics)	6	4-0-4/ 5-1-0	15	60	75
		DSE-2B		Other Discipline/TBD	6	4-0-4/ 5-1-0	15	60	75
		DSE-3B		Other Discipline/TBD	6	4-0-4/ 5-1-0	15	60	75
		SEC-4		TBD	2	1-1-0/ 1-0-2	10	40	50
				Semester - 6 : Total	20				275
	Total in all semester:				122				1700

CC = Core Course, AECC = Ability Enhancement Compulsory Course, GE = Generic Elective, SEC = Skill Enhancement Course, DSE = Discipline Specific Elective, CA= Continuous Assessment, ESE= End Semester Examination, TBD=To be decided, CT = Core Theory, CP=Core Practical, L = Lecture, T = Tutorial, P = Practical, MIL = Modern Indian Language, ENVS = Environmental Studies,



List of Core and Elective Courses

Core Courses (CC)

DSC-1A: Mechanics

DSC-1B: Electricity and MagnetismDSC-1C: Thermal Physics and Statistical

DSC-1D: Waves and Optics

Discipline Specific Electives (DSE)

DSE-1: Elements of Modern Physics

Or

DSE-1: Mathematical Physics

Or

DSE-1: Quantum Mechanics

Or

DSE-1: Medical Physics

DSE-2: Solid State Physics

Or

DSE-2: Digital and Analog Circuits and Instrumentation

Or

DSE-2: Nuclear & Particle Physics

Skill Enhancement Course (SEC)

SEC-1: Physics Workshop Skill

Or

SEC-1: Computational Physics

SEC-2: Electrical Circuits and Network Skills

Or

SEC-2: Basic Instrumentation Skills

SEC-3: Renewable Energy and Energy Harvesting

SEC-4: Weather Forecasting

Core Courses (CC)

DSC-1A(CC-1): Mechanics Credits 06

DSC1AT: Mechanics Credits 04

Course Contents

Vectors: Vector algebra. Scalar and vector products. Derivatives of a vector with respect to a parameter.

Ordinary Differential Equations:1st order homogeneous differential equations. 2nd order homogeneous differential equations with constant coefficients.

Laws of Motion: Frames of reference. Newton's Laws of motion. Dynamics of a system of particles. Centre of Mass.

Momentum and Energy: Conservation of momentum. Work and energy. Conservation of energy. Motion of rockets.

Rotational Motion: Angular velocity and angular momentum. Torque. Conservation of angular momentum.

Gravitation: Newton's Law of Gravitation. Motion of a particle in a central force field (motion is in a plane, angular momentum is conserved, areal velocity is constant). Kepler's Laws (statement only). Satellite in circular orbit and applications. Geosynchronous orbits. Weightlessness. Basic idea of global positioning system (GPS).

Oscillations: Simple harmonic motion. Differential equation of SHM and its solutions. Kinetic and Potential Energy, Total Energy and their time averages. Damped oscillations.

Elasticity: Hooke's law - Stress-strain diagram - Elastic moduli-Relation between elastic constants - Poisson's Ratio-Expression for Poisson's ratio in terms of elastic constants - Work done in stretching and work done in twisting a wire - Twisting couple on a cylinder - Determination of Rigidity modulus by static torsion - Torsional pendulum-Determination of Rigidity modulus and moment of inertia - q, η and σ by Searles method

Special Theory of Relativity: Constancy of speed of light. Postulates of Special Theory of elativity. Length contraction. Time dilation. Relativistic addition of velocities.

Suggested Readings:

- University Physics. FW Sears, MW Zemansky and HD Young13/e, 1986. Addison-Wesley
- ➤ Mechanics Berkeley Physics course,v.1: Charles Kittel, et. Al. 2007, Tata McGraw-Hill.
- ➤ Physics Resnick, Halliday & Walker 9/e, 2010, Wiley
- ➤ Engineering Mechanics, Basudeb Bhattacharya, 2nd edn., 2015, Oxford University Press
- ➤ University Physics, Ronald Lane Reese, 2003, Thomson Brooks/Cole.

DSC 1AP: Mechanics (Practical)

Credits 02

Practical:

- 1. Measurements of length (or diameter) using vernier caliper, screw gauge and travelling microscope.
- 2. To determine the Height of a Building using a Sextant.
- 3. To determine the Moment of Inertia of a Flywheel.
- 4. To determine the Young's Modulus of a Wire by Optical Lever Method.
- 5. To determine the Modulus of Rigidity of a Wire by Maxwell's needle.
- 6. To determine the Elastic Constants of a Wire by Searle's method.
- 7. To determine g by Bar Pendulum.
- 8. To determine g by Kater's Pendulum.
- 9. To determine **g** and velocity for a freely falling body using Digital Timing Technique
- 10. To study the Motion of a Spring and calculate (a) Spring Constant (b) Value of g

Suggested readings:

- Advanced Practical Physics for students, B.L.Flint and H.T.Worsnop, 1971, Asia Publishing House.
- Advanced level Physics Practicals, Michael Nelson and Jon M. Ogborn, 4th Edition, reprinted 1985, Heinemann Educational Publishers.
- ➤ Engineering Practical Physics, S.Panigrahi & B.Mallick,2015, Cengage Learning India Pvt. Ltd.
- A Text Book of Practical Physics, Indu Prakash and Ramakrishna, 11th Edition, 2011, Kitab Mahal, New Delhi.

DSC-1B(CC-2): Electricity and Magnetism

Credits 06

DSC1BT: Electricity and Magnetism

Credits 04

Course Contents

Vector Analysis: Review of vector algebra (Scalar and Vector product), gradient, divergence, Curl and their significance, Vector Integration, Line, surface and volume integrals of Vector fields, Gauss-divergence theorem and Stoke's theorem of vectors (statement only).

Electrostatics: Electrostatic Field, electric flux, Gauss's theorem of electrostatics. Applications of Gauss theorem - Electric field due to point charge, infinite line of charge, uniformly charged spherical shell and solid sphere, plane charged sheet, charged conductor. Electric potential as line integral of electric field, potential due to a point charge, electric ipole, uniformly charged spherical shell and solid sphere. Calculation of electric field from potential. Capacitance of an isolated spherical conductor. Parallel plate, spherical and cylindrical condenser. Energy per unit volume in electrostatic field. Dielectric medium, Polarisation, Displacement vector. Gauss's theorem in dielectrics.

Parallel plate capacitor completely filled with dielectric.

Magnetism:

Magnetostatics: Biot-Savart's law & its applications- straight conductor, circular coil, solenoid carrying current. Divergence and curl of magnetic field. Magnetic vector potential. Ampere's circuital law. Magnetic properties of materials: Magnetic intensity, magnetic induction, permeability, magnetic susceptibility. Brief introduction of dia-, para-and ferro-magnetic materials.

Electromagnetic Induction: Faraday's laws of electromagnetic induction, Lenz's law, self and mutual inductance, L of single coil, M of two coils. Energy stored in magnetic field.

Maxwell's equations and Electromagnetic wave propagation: Equation of continuity of current, Displacement current, Maxwell's equations, Poynting vector, energy density in electromagnetic field, electromagnetic wave propagation through vacuum and isotropic electric medium, transverse nature of EM waves, polarization.

Suggested Readings:

- ➤ Electricity and Magnetism, Edward M. Purcell, 1986, McGraw-Hill Education..
- ➤ Electricity and Magnetism, J.H. Fewkes & J. Yarwood. Vol. I, 1991, Oxford Univ. Press.
- ➤ Electricity and Magnetism, D C Tayal, 1988, Himalaya Publishing House.
- ➤ University Physics, Ronald Lane Reese, 2003, Thomson Brooks/Cole.
- ➤ D.J. Griffiths, Introduction to Electrodynamics, 3rd Edn, 1998, Benjamin Cummings.

DSC1BP: Electricity and Magnetism

Credits 02

Practical:

- 1. To use a Multimeter for measuring (a) Resistances, (b) AC and DC Voltages, (c) DC Current, and (d) checking electrical fuses.
- 2. Ballistic Galvanometer:
 - (i) Measurement of charge and current sensitivity
 - (ii) Measurement of CDR
 - (iii) Determine a high resistance by Leakage Method
 - (iv) To determine Self Inductance of a Coil by Rayleigh's Method.
- 3. To compare capacitances using De'Sauty's bridge.
- 4. Measurement of field strength B and its variation in a Solenoid (Determine dB/dx).
- 5. To study the Characteristics of a Series RC Circuit.
- 6. To study the a series LCR circuit and determine its (a) Resonant Frequency, (b) Quality Factor
- 7. To study a parallel LCR circuit and determine its (a) Anti-resonant frequency and (b) Quality factor Q
- 8. To determine a Low Resistance by Carey Foster's Bridge.
- 9. To verify the Thevenin and Norton theorem

10. To verify the Superposition, and Maximum Power Transfer Theorem

Suggested Readings:

- Advanced Practical Physics for students, B.L.Flint & H.T.Worsnop, 1971, Asia Publishing House.
- ➤ A Text Book of Practical Physics, Indu Prakash and Ramakrishna, 11th Edition, 2011, Kitab Mahal, New Delhi.
- ➤ Engineering Practical Physics, S.Panigrahi & B.Mallick,2015, Cengage Learning India Pvt. Ltd.
- ➤ Advanced level Physics Practicals, Michael Nelson and Jon M. Ogborn, 4th Edition, reprinted 1985, Heinemann Educational Publishers

DSC-1C (CC-3): Thermal Physics and Statistical Mechanics Credits 06

DSC1CT: Thermal Physics and Statistical Mechanics Credits 04

Laws of Thermodynamics:

Thermodynamic Description of system: Zeroth Law of thermodynamics and temperature. First law and internal energy, conversion of heat into work, Various Thermodynamical Processes, Applications of First Law: General Relation between CP & CV, Work Done during Isothermal and Adiabatic Processes, Compressibility & Expansion Coefficient, Reversible & irreversible processes, Second law & Entropy, Carnot's cycle & theorem, Entropy changes in reversible & irreversible processes, Entropy-temperature diagrams, Third law of thermodynamics, Unattainability of absolute zero.

Thermodynamic Potentials: Enthalpy, Gibbs, Helmholtz and Internal Energy functions, Maxwell's relations & applications - Joule-Thompson Effect, Clausius- Clapeyron Equation, Expression for (CP – CV), CP/CV, TdS equations.

Kinetic Theory of Gases: Derivation of Maxwell's law of distribution of velocities and its experimental verification, Mean free path (Zeroth Order), Transport Phenomena: Viscosity, Conduction and Diffusion (for vertical case), Law of equipartition of energy (no derivation) and its applications to specific heat of gases; mono-atomic and diatomic gases.

Theory of Radiation: Blackbody radiation, Spectral distribution, Concept of Energy Density, Derivation of Planck's law, Deduction of Wien's distribution law, Rayleigh-Jeans Law, Stefan Boltzmann Law and Wien's displacement law from Planck's law.

Statistical Mechanics: Phase space, Macrostate and Microstate, Entropy and Thermodynamic probability, Maxwell-Boltzmann law - distribution of velocity - Quantum statistics - Fermi- irac distribution law - electron gas - Bose-Einstein distribution law - photon gas - comparison of three statistics.

Suggested Readings:

Thermal Physics, S. Garg, R. Bansal and C. Ghosh, 1993, Tata McGraw-Hill.

- A Treatise on Heat, Meghnad Saha, and B.N. Srivastava, 1969, Indian Press.
- ➤ Thermodynamics, Enrico Fermi, 1956, Courier Dover Publications.
- ➤ Heat and Thermodynamics, M.W.Zemasky and R. Dittman, 1981, McGraw Hill
- ➤ Thermodynamics, Kinetic theory & Statistical thermodynamics, F.W.Sears & G.L.Salinger. 1988, Narosa
- ➤ University Physics, Ronald Lane Reese, 2003, Thomson Brooks/Cole.
- ➤ Thermal Physics, A. Kumar and S.P. Taneja, 2014, R. chand Publications.

DSC1CP: Thermal Physics and Statistical Mechanics (lab) Credits 02

Practical:

- 1. To determine Mechanical Equivalent of Heat, J, by Callender and Barne's constant flow method.
- 2. Measurement of Planck's constant using black body radiation.
- 3. To determine Stefan's Constant.
- 4. To determine the coefficient of thermal conductivity of copper by Searle's apparatus.
- 5. To determine the Coefficient of Thermal Conductivity of Cu by Angstrom's Method.
- 6. To determine the coefficient of thermal conductivity of a bad conductor by Lee and Charlton's disc method.
- 7. To determine the temperature co-efficient of resistance by Platinum resistance thermometer.
- 8. To study the variation of thermo emf across two junctions of a thermocouple with temperature.
- 9. To record and analyze the cooling temperature of an hot object as a function of time using a thermocouple and suitable data acquisition system.
- 10. To calibrate Resistance Temperature Device (RTD) using Null Method/Off-Balance Bridge

Suggested Readings:

- Advanced Practical Physics for students, B.L.Flint & H.T.Worsnop, 1971, Asia Publishing House.
- Advanced level Physics Practicals, Michael Nelson and Jon M. Ogborn, 4th Edition, reprinted 1985, Heinemann Educational Publishers
- A Text Book of Practical Physics, Indu Prakash and Ramakrishna, 11th Edition, 2011, Kitab Mahal, New Delhi.
- ➤ A Laboratory Manual of Physics for Undergraduate Classes, D.P. Khandelwal, 1985, Vani Publication.

DSC-1D (CC-4): Waves and Optics Credits 06

DSC1DT: Waves and Optics Credits 04

Course Contents

Superposition of Two Collinear Harmonic oscillations: Linearity and Superposition Principle. (1) Oscillations having equal frequencies and (2) Oscillations having different frequencies (Beats).

Superposition of Two Perpendicular Harmonic Oscillations: Graphical and Analytical Methods. Lissajous Figures with equal an unequal frequency and their uses.

Waves Motion- General: Transverse waves on a string. Travelling and standing waves on a string. Normal Modes of a string. Group velocity, Phase velocity. Plane waves. Spherical waves, Wave intensity.

Fluids: Surface Tension: Synclastic and anticlastic surface - Excess of pressure - Application to spherical and cylindrical drops and bubbles - variation of surface tension with temperature - Jaegar's method. Viscosity: Viscosity - Rate flow of liquid in a capillary tube - Poiseuille's formula - Determination of coefficient of viscosity of a liquid - Variations of viscosity of a liquid with temperature lubrication. Physics of low pressure - production and measurement of low pressure - Rotary pump - Diffusion pump - Molecular pump - Knudsen absolute gauge - penning and pirani gauge - Detection of leakage.

Sound: Simple harmonic motion - forced vibrations and resonance - Fourier's Theorem - Application to saw tooth wave and square wave - Intensity and loudness of sound - Decibels - Intensity levels - musical notes - musical scale. Acoustics of buildings: Reverberation and time of reverberation - Absorption coefficient - Sabine's formula - measurement of reverberation time - Acoustic aspects of halls and auditoria.

Wave Optics: Electromagnetic nature of light. Definition and Properties of wave front. Huygens Principle.

Interference: Interference: Division of amplitude and division of wavefront. Young's Double Slit experiment. Lloyd's Mirror and Fresnel's Biprism. Phase change on reflection: Stokes' treatment. Interference in Thin Films: parallel and wedge-shaped films. Fringes of equal nclination (Haidinger Fringes); Fringes of equal thickness (Fizeau Fringes). Newton's Rings: measurement of wavelength and refractive index.

Michelson's Interferometer: Idea of form of fringes (no theory needed), Determination of wavelength, Wavelength difference, Refractive index and Visibility of fringes.

Diffraction: Fraunhofer diffraction: Single slit; Double Slit. Multiple slits & Diffraction grating. Fresnel Diffraction: Half-period zones. Zone plate. Fresnel Diffraction pattern of a straight edge, a slit and a wire using half-period zone analysis.

Polarization: Transverse nature of light waves. Plane polarized light – production and analysis. Circular and elliptical polarization.

Suggested Readings:

- Fundamentals of Optics, F A Jenkins and H E White, 1976, McGraw-Hill
- Principles of Optics, B.K. Mathur, 1995, Gopal Printing
- Fundamentals of Optics, H.R. Gulati and D.R. Khanna, 1991, R. Chand Publication

➤ University Physics. FW Sears, MW Zemansky and HD Young 13/e, 1986. Addison-Wesley

DSC1DP: Waves and Optics (lab) Credits 02

Practical:

- 1. To investigate the motion of coupled oscillators
- 2. To determine the Frequency of an Electrically Maintained Tuning Fork by Melde's Experiment and to verify $\lambda 2 T$ Law.
- 3. To study Lissajous Figures
- 4. Familiarization with Schuster's focussing; determination of angle of prism.
- 5. To determine the Coefficient of Viscosity of water by Capillary Flow Method (Poiseuille's method).
- 6. To determine the Refractive Index of the Material of a given Prism using Sodium Light.
- 7. To determine Dispersive Power of the Material of a given Prism using Mercury Light
- 8. To determine the value of Cauchy Constants of a material of a prism.
- 9. To determine the Resolving Power of a Prism.
- 10. To determine wavelength of sodium light using Fresnel Biprism.
- 11. To determine wavelength of sodium light using Newton's Rings.
- 12. To determine the wavelength of Laser light using Diffraction of Single Slit.
- 13. To determine wavelength of (1) Sodium & (2) spectrum of Mercury light using plane diffraction Grating
- 14. To determine the Resolving Power of a Plane Diffraction Grating.
- 15. To measure the intensity using photosensor and laser in diffraction patterns of single and double slits.

Suggested Readings:

- Advanced Practical Physics for students, B.L. Flint & H.T. Worsnop, 1971, Asia Publishing House.
- Advanced level Physics Practicals, Michael Nelson and Jon M. Ogborn, 4th Edition, reprinted 1985, Heinemann Educational Publishers
- A Text Book of Practical Physics, Indu Prakash and Ramakrishna, 11th Edition, 2011, Kitab Mahal, New Delhi.

Discipline Specific Elective (DSE)

DSE-1: Elements of Modern Physics Credits 06

DSE1T: Elements of Modern Physics Credits 04

Course Contents

Planck's quantum, Planck's constant and light as a collection of photons; Photo-electric effect and Compton scattering. De Broglie wavelength and matter waves; Davisson-Germer experiment.

Problems with Rutherford model- instability of atoms and observation of discrete atomic spectra; Bohr's quantization rule and atomic stability; calculation of energy levels for hydrogen like atoms and their spectra.

Position measurement- gamma ray microscope thought experiment; Wave-particle duality, Heisenberg uncertainty principle- impossibility of a particle following a trajectory; Estimating minimum energy of a confined particle using uncertainty principle; Energy-time uncertainty principle.

Two slit interference experiment with photons, atoms and particles; linear superposition principle as a consequence; Matter waves and wave amplitude; Schrodinger equation for non-relativistic particles; Momentum and Energy operators; stationary states; physical interpretation of wave function, probabilities and normalization; Probability and probability current densities in one dimension.

One dimensional infinitely rigid box- energy eigenvalues and eigen functions, normalization; Quantum dot as an example; Quantum mechanical scattering and tunnelling in one dimension - across a step potential and across a rectangular potential barrier.

Size and structure of atomic nucleus and its relation with atomic weight; Impossibility of an electron being in the nucleus as a consequence of the uncertainty principle. Nature of nuclear force, NZ graph, semi-empirical mass formula and binding energy.

Radioactivity: stability of nucleus; Law of radioactive decay; Mean life & half-life; α decay; β decay - energy released, spectrum and Pauli's prediction of neutrino; γ - ray emission.

Fission and fusion - mass deficit, relativity and generation of energy; Fission - nature of fragments and emission of neutrons. Nuclear reactor: slow neutrons interacting with Uranium 235; Fusion and thermonuclear reactions.

Suggested Readings:

- Concepts of Modern Physics, Arthur Beiser, 2009, McGraw-Hill
- Modern Physics, John R. Taylor, Chris D. Zafiratos, Michael A.Dubson, 2009, PHI Learning
- ➤ Six Ideas that Shaped Physics: Particle Behave like Waves, Thomas A. Moore, 2003. McGraw Hill
- Quantum Physics, Berkeley Physics Course Vol.4. E.H. Wichman, 2008, Tata McGraw-Hill Co.
- ➤ Modern Physics, R.A. Serway, C.J. Moses, and C.A.Moyer, 2005, Cengage Learning
- Modern Physics, G. Kaur and G.R. Pickrell, 2014, McGraw Hill

DSE1P: Elements of Modern Physics (Practical)

Credits 02

Practical:

- 1. To determine value of Boltzmann constant using V-I characteristic of PN diode.
- 2. To determine work function of material of filament of directly heated vacuum diode.
- 3. To determine value of Planck's constant using LEDs of at least 4 different colours.
- 4. To determine the ionization potential of mercury.
- 5. To determine the wavelength of H-alpha emission line of Hydrogen atom.
- 6. To determine the absorption lines in the rotational spectrum of Iodine vapour.
- 7. To study the diffraction patterns of single and double slits using laser source and measure its intensity variation using Photo-sensor and compare with incoherent source Na light.
- 8. Photo-electric effect: photo current versus intensity and wavelength of light; maximum energy of photo-electrons versus frequency of light
- 9. To determine the value of e/m by magnetic focusing.
- 10. To setup the Millikan oil drop apparatus and determine the charge of an electron.

Suggested Readings:

- Advanced Practical Physics for students, B.L. Flint & H.T. Worsnop, 1971, Asia Publishing House.
- Advanced level Physics Practicals, Michael Nelson and Jon M. Ogborn, 4th Edition, reprinted 1985, Heinemann Educational Publishers
- A Text Book of Practical Physics, Indu Prakash and Ramakrishna, 11th Edition, 2011, Kitab Mahal, New Delhi.

Or

DSE-1: Mathematical Physics

Credits 06

DSE1T: Mathematical Physics

Credits 04

Course Contents:

Calculus of functions of more than one variable: Partial derivatives, exact and inexact differentials. Integrating factor, with simple illustration. Constrained Maximization using Lagrange Multipliers.

Fourier Series: Periodic functions. Orthogonality of sine and cosine functions, Dirichlet Conditions (Statement only). Expansion of periodic functions in a series of sine and cosine functions and determination of Fourier coefficients. Complex representation of Fourier series. Expansion of functions with arbitrary period. Expansion of non-periodic functions over an interval. Even and odd functions and their Fourier expansions. Application. Summing of Infinite Series.

Frobenius Method and Special Functions: Singular Points of Second Order Linear Differential Equations and their importance. Frobenius method and its applications to differential equations. Legendre, Bessel, Hermite and Laguerre Differential Equations.

Properties of Legendre Polynomials: Rodrigues Formula, Orthogonality. Simple recurrence relations.

Some Special Integrals: Beta and Gamma Functions and Relation between them. Expression of Integrals in terms of Gamma Functions. Error Function (Probability Integral).

Partial Differential Equations: Solutions to partial differential equations, using separation of variables: Laplace's Equation in problems of rectangular, cylindrical and spherical symmetry.

Complex Analysis: Brief Revision of Complex Numbers and their Graphical Representation. Euler's formula, De Moivre's theorem, Roots of Complex Numbers. Functions of Complex Variables. Analyticity and Cauchy-Riemann Conditions. Examples of analytic functions. Singular functions: poles and branch points, order of singularity, branch cuts. Integration of a function of a complex variable. Cauchy's Inequality. Cauchy's Integral formula.

Suggested Readings:

- Mathematical Methods for Physicists: Arfken, Weber, 2005, Harris, Elsevier.
- Fourier Analysis by M.R. Spiegel, 2004, Tata McGraw-Hill.
- ➤ Mathematics for Physicists, Susan M. Lea, 2004, Thomson Brooks/Cole.
- ➤ An Introduction to Ordinary Differential Equations, Earl A Coddington, 1961, PHI Learning.
- ➤ Differential Equations, George F. Simmons, 2006, Tata McGraw-Hill.
- ➤ Essential Mathematical Methods, K.F. Riley and M.P. Hobson, 2011, Cambridge University Press
- Partial Differential Equations for Scientists and Engineers, S.J. Farlow, 1993, Dover Publications.
- ➤ Mathematical methods for Scientists and Engineers, D.A. McQuarrie, 2003, Viva Books.

DSE1P: Mathematical Physics (Practical)

Credits 02

- Highlights the use of computational methods to solve physical problems
- Use of computer language as a tool in solving physics problems (applications)
- Students can use anyone operating system Linux or Microsoft Windows

Topics	Description with Applications					
Introduction and Overview	Computer architecture and organization, memory					
	and Input/output devices					
Basics of scientific computing	Binary and decimal arithmetic, Floating point					
	umbers, algorithms, Sequence, Selection and					
	Repetition, single and double precision arithmetic,					
	underflow & over flow emphasize the importance					
	of making equations in terms of dimensionless					
	variables, Iterative methods					

Errors and error Analysis	Truncation and round off errors, Absolute and
·	relative errors, Floating point computations.
Review of C & C++ Programming fundamentals	Introduction to Programming, constants, variables and data types, operators and Expressions, I/O statements, scan f and print f, c in and c out, Manipulators for data formatting, Control statements (decision making and looping statements) (If-statement. If-else Statement. Nested if Structure. Else-if Statement. Ternary Operator. Go to Statement. Switch Statement. Unconditional and Conditional Looping. While-Loop. Do-While Loop. FOR Loop. Break and Continue Statements. Nested Loops), Arrays (1D&2D) and strings, user defined functions, Structures and Unions, Idea of classes and objects
Programs: using C/C++ language	Sum & average of a list of numbers, largest of a given list of numbers and its location in the list, sorting of numbers in ascending-descending order, Binary search
Random number generation	Area of circle, area of square, volume of sphere, value of pi (π)
Solution of Algebraic and	Solution of linear and quadratic equation, solving
ranscendental equations by Bisection, Newton Raphson and Secant methods	$\alpha = \tan a$; $I = I_0 \left(\frac{\sin a}{a}\right)^2$ in optics
Interpolation by Newton Gregory Forward and Backward difference formula, Error estimation of linear interpolation	Evaluation of trigonometric functions e.g. $sin \theta$, $cos \theta$, $tan \theta$, etc
Numerical differentiation (Forward and Backward difference formula) and Integration (Trapezoidal and Simpson rules), Monte Carlo method	calculate velocity and acceleration and vice-versa.
Solution of Ordinary Differential Equations (ODE) First order Differential equation Euler, modified Euler and Runge-Kutta (RK) second and fourth order methods	 First order differential equation ➤ Radioactive decay ➤ Current in RC, LC circuits with DC source ➤ Newton's law of cooling ➤ Classical equations of motion ➤ Attempt following problems using RK 4 order method: ➤ Solve the coupled differential equations \[\frac{dx}{dt} = y + x - \frac{x^3}{3}; \frac{dy}{dx} = -x \] For four initial conditions X(0)=0,y(0)=-1,-2,-3,-4.
	Plot x vs y for each of the four initial conditions on the same screen for $0 \le t \le 15$

The differential equation describing the motion of
a pendulum is $\frac{d^2}{dt_2} = -\sin(\theta)$ The pendulum is
released from rest at an angular displacement α , i.
e. $\vartheta(0) = \alpha$ and $\vartheta'(0) = 0$. Solve the equation
for $\alpha = 0.1$, 0.5 and 1.0 and plot ϑ as a function
of time in the range $0 \le t \le 8\pi$. Also plot the
analytic solution valid for small θ (sin(θ) = θ

Suggested Readings:

- ➤ Introduction to Numerical Analysis, S.S. Sastry, 5th Edn., 2012, PHI Learning Pvt. Ltd.
- ➤ Schaum's Outline of Programming with C++. J.Hubbard, 2000, McGraw-Hill Publications.
- Numerical Recipes in C++: The Art of Scientific Computing, W.H. Pressetal., 3rdEdn., 2007, Cambridge University Press.
- ➤ A first course in Numerical Methods, Uri M. Ascher and Chen Greif, 2012, PHI Learning
- ➤ Elementary Numerical Analysis, K.E. Atkinson, 3rd edn., 2007, Wiley India Edition.
- ➤ Numerical Methods for Scientists and Engineers, R.W. Hamming, 1973, Courier Dover Pub.
- ➤ An Introduction to Computational Physics, T. Pang, 2ndEdn., 2006, Cambridge Univ. Press

Or

DSE-1: Quantum Mechanics

Credits 06

DSE1T: Quantum Mechanics

Credits 04

Course Contents:

Time dependent Schrodinger equation: Time dependent Schrodinger equation and dynamical evolution of a quantum state; Properties of Wave Function. Interpretation of Wave Function Probability and probability current densities in three dimensions; Conditions for Physical Acceptability of Wave Functions. Normalization. Linearity and Superposition Principles. Eigen values and Eigen functions. Position, momentum & Energy operators; commutator of position and momentum operators; Expectation values of position and momentum. Wave Function of a Free Particle.

Time independent Schrodinger equation-Hamiltonian, stationary states and energy eigen values; expansion of an arbitrary wave function as a linear combination of energy eigen functions; General solution of the time dependent Schrodinger equation in terms of linear combinations of stationary states; Application to the spread of Gaussian wave packet for a free particle in one dimension; wave packets, Fourier transforms and momentum space wave function; Position-momentum uncertainty principle.

General discussion of bound states in an arbitrary potential- continuity of wave function, boundary condition and emergence of discrete energy levels; application to one-dimensional problem- square well potential; Quantum mechanics of simple harmonic oscillator-energy levels and energy eigen functions using Frobenius method.

Quantum theory of hydrogen-like atoms: time independent Schrodinger equation in spherical polar coordinates; separation of variables for the second order partial differential equation; angular momentum operator and quantum numbers; Radial wave functions from Frobenius method; Orbital angular momentum quantum numbers 1 and m; s, p, d,.. shells (idea only)

Atoms in Electric and Magnetic Fields:- Electron Angular Momentum. Space Quantization. Electron Spin and Spin Angular Momentum. Larmor's Theorem. Spin Magnetic Moment. Stern-Gerlach Experiment. Zeeman Effect: Electron Magnetic Moment and Magnetic Energy, Gyromagnetic Ratio and Bohr Magneton.

Atoms in External Magnetic Fields: - Normal and Anomalous Zeeman Effect.

Many electron atoms:- Pauli's Exclusion Principle. Symmetric and Antisymmetric Wave Functions. Periodic table. Fine structure. Spin orbit coupling. Spectral Notations for Atomic States. Total Angular Momentum. Vector Model. Spin-orbit coupling in atoms-L-S and J-J couplings.

Suggested Readings:

- ➤ A Text book of Quantum Mechanics, P.M. Mathews & K. Venkatesan, 2nd Ed., 2010, McGraw Hill
- ➤ Quantum Mechanics, Robert Eisberg and Robert Resnick, 2nd Edn., 2002, Wiley.
- Quantum Mechanics, Leonard I. Schiff, 3rd Edn. 2010, Tata McGraw Hill.
- Quantum Mechanics, G. Aruldhas, 2ndEdn. 2002, PHI Learning of India.
- ➤ Quantum Mechanics, Bruce Cameron Reed, 2008, Jones and Bartlett Learning.
- Quantum Mechanics for Scientists & Engineers, D.A.B. Miller, 2008, Cambridge University Press

Additional Books for Reference

- Quantum Mechanics, Eugen Merzbacher, 2004, John Wiley and Sons, Inc.
- Introduction to Quantum Mechanics, David J. Griffith, 2nd Ed. 2005, Pearson Education
- Quantum Mechanics, Walter Greiner, 4thEdn., 2001, Springer

DSE1P: Quantum Mechanics (Practical)

Credits 02

Practical:

Use C/C++/Scilab for solving the following problems based on Quantum Mechanics like

1. Solve the s-wave Schrodinger equation for the ground state and the first excited

state of the hydrogen atom:

$$\frac{d^{2}y}{dr^{2}} = A(r)u(r), A(r) = \frac{2m}{n^{2}}[v(r) - E] \text{ where } V(r) = \frac{e^{2}}{r}$$

Here, m is the reduced mass of the electron. Obtain the energy eigenvalues and plot the corresponding wavefunctions. Remember that the ground state energy of the hydrogen atom is \approx -13.6 eV. Take e = 3.795 (eVÅ)1/2, $\hbar c = 1973$ (eVÅ) and m = 0.511x106eV/c2.

2. Solve the s-wave radial Schrodinger equation for an atom:

$$\frac{d^2y}{dr^2} = A(r)u(r), A(r) = \frac{2m}{n^2}[v(r) - E]$$

Where m is the reduced mass of the system (which can be chosen to be the mass of an electron), for the screened coulomb potential

$$V(r) = -\frac{e^2}{r}e^{-r/a}$$

Find the energy (in eV) of the ground state of the atom to an accuracy of three significant digits. Also, plot the corresponding wavefunction. Take e = 3.795 (eVÅ)1/2, m = 0.511x106eV/c2, and a = 3Å, 5Å, 7Å. In these units $\hbar c = 1973$ (eVÅ). The ground state energy is expected to be above -12 eV in all three cases.

3. Solve the s-wave radial Schrodinger equation for a particle of mass m:

$$\frac{d^{2}y}{dr^{2}} = A(r)u(r), A(r) = \frac{2m}{n^{2}}[v(r) - E]$$

For the anharmonic oscillator potential

$$V(r) = \frac{1}{2} kr^2 + \frac{1}{3} br^3$$

for the ground state energy (in MeV) of the particle to an accuracy of three significant digits. Also, plot the corresponding wave function. Choose m=940~MeV/c2,~k=100~MeV fm-2, b=0,~10,~30~MeV fm-3 In these units, ch=197.3~MeV fm. The ground state energy I expected to lie between 90 and 110 MeV for all three cases.

4. Solve the s-wave radial Schrodinger equation for the vibrations of hydrogen molecule:

$$\frac{d^2y}{dr^2} = A(r)u(r), A(r) = \frac{2^u}{n^2} [V(r) - E]$$

where μ is the reduced mass of the two-atom system for the Morse potential

$$V(r) = D (e^{-2ar'} - e^{-ar'}), \quad r' = \frac{r - r_0}{r}$$

Find the lowest vibrational energy (in MeV) of the molecule to an accuracy of three significant digits. Also plot the corresponding wave function. Take: m = 940x106eV/C2, D = 0.755501 eV, $\alpha = 1.44$, ro = 0.131349 Å

Laboratory based experiments:

- 5. Study of Electron spin resonance- determine magnetic field as a function of the resonance frequency
- 6. Study of Zeeman effect: with external magnetic field; Hyperfine splitting



7. To study the quantum tunnelling effect with solid state device, e.g. tunnelling current in backward diode or tunnel diode.

Suggested Readings:

- ➤ Schaum's Outline of Programming with C++. J. Hubbard, 2000, McGraw-Hill Publications.
- Numerical Recipes in C: The Art of Scientific Computing, W.H.Press et al., 3rd Edn., 2007, Cambridge University Press.
- Elementary Numerical Analysis, K.E.Atkinson, 3rd edn. , 2007, Wiley India Edition.
- ➤ A Guide to MATLAB, B.R. Hunt, R.L. Lipsman, J.M. Rosenberg, 2014, 3rd Edn., Cambridge University Press
- ➤ Simulation of ODE/PDE Models with MATLAB®, OCTAVE and SCILAB: Scientific and Engineering Applications: A. Vande Wouwer, P. Saucez, C. V. Fernández.2014 Springer
- Scilab by example: M. Affouf 2012 ISBN: 978-1479203444
- Scilab (A Free Software to Matlab): H. Ramchandran, A.S. Nair. 2011 S. Chand and Company, New Delhi
- Scilab Image Processing: Lambert M. Surhone. 2010 Betascript Publishing
- Quantum Mechanics, Leonard I. Schiff, 3rdEdn. 2010, Tata McGraw Hill.
- ➤ Quantum Mechanics, Bruce Cameron Reed, 2008, Jones and Bartlett Learning.

Or

DSE-1: Medical Physics Credits 06

DSE1T: Medical Physics Credits 04

Course Contents:

Physics of the Body-I

Basic Anatomical Terminology: Standard Anatomical Position, Planes. Familiarity with terms like- Superior, Inferior, Anterior, Posterior, Medial, Lateral, Proximal and Distal.

Mechanics of the body: Skeleton, forces, and body stability. Muscles and dynamics of body movement. Physics of Locomotors Systems: joints and movements, Stability and Equilibrium.

Energy household of the body: Energy balance in the body, Energy consumption of the body, Heat losses of the body, Thermal Regulation.

Pressure system of body: Physics of breathing, Physics of cardiovascular system.

Physics of the Body-II

Acoustics of the body: Nature and characteristics of sound, Production of speech, Physics of the ear, Diagnostics with sound and ultrasound.

Optical system of the body: Physics of the eye.

Electrical system of the body: Physics of the nervous system, Electrical signals and information transfer.

Physics of diagnostic and therapeutic systems-I

X-Rays: Electromagnetic spectrum, production of x-rays, x-ray spectra, Brehmsstrahlung, Characteristic x-ray.

X-ray tubes & types: Coolidge tube, x-ray tube design, tube cooling stationary mode, Rotating anode x-ray tube, Tube rating, quality and intensity of x-ray. X-ray generator circuits, half wave and full wave rectification, filament circuit, kilo voltage circuit, types of X-Ray Generator, high frequency generator, exposure timers and switches, HT cables, HT generation.

Radiation Physics:

Radiation units exposure, absorbed dose, units: rad, gray, relative biological effectiveness, effective dose, inverse square law. Interaction of radiation with matter Compton & photoelectric effect, Rem & Sievert, linear attenuation coefficient.

Radiation Detectors:

Thimble chamber, condenser chambers, Geiger Muller counter, Scintillation counters and Solid State detectors, ionization chamber, Dosimeters, survey methods, area monitors, TLD, Semiconductor detectors.

Medical Imaging Physics:

Evolution of Medical Imaging, X-ray diagnostics and imaging, Physics of nuclear magnetic resonance (NMR), NMR imaging, MRI Radiological imaging, Ultrasound imaging, Physics of Doppler with applications and modes, Vascular Doppler.

Radiography: Filters, grids, cassette, X-ray film, film processing, fluoroscopy.

Computed Tomography Scanner- principle & function, display, generations, mammography. Thyroid uptake system and Gamma camera (Only Principle, function and display).

Radiation Oncology Physics:

External Beam Therapy (Basic Idea): Tele-cobalt, Conformal Radiation Therapy (CRT), 3DCRT, IMRT, Image Guided Radiotherapy, EPID, Rapid Arc, Proton Therapy, Gamma Knife, Cyber Knife.

Contact Beam Therapy (Basic Idea): Brachytherapy-LDR and HDR, Intra Operative Brachytherapy. Radiotherapy, kilo voltage machines, deep therapy machines, Telecobalt machines, Medical linear accelerator. Basics of Teletherapy units, deep x-ray, Telecobalt units, medical linear accelerator, Radiation protection,

external beam characteristics, dose maximum and build up – bolus, percentage depth dose, tissue maximum ratio and tissue phantom ratio, Planned target Volume and Gross Tumour Volume.

Radiation and Radiation Protection:

Principles of radiation protection, protective materials-radiation effects, somatic, genetic stochastic and deterministic effect.

Personal monitoring devices: TLD film badge, pocket dosimeter, OSL dosimeter. Radiation dosimeter. Natural radioactivity, Biological effects of radiation, Radiation monitors. Steps to reduce radiation to Patient, Staff and Public. Dose Limits for occupational workers and Public.

AERB: Existence and Purpose.

Physics of Diagnostic and Therapeutic Systems - II

Diagnostic nuclear medicine: Radiopharmaceuticals for radioisotope imaging, Radioisotope imaging equipment, Single photon and positron emission tomography.

Therapeutic nuclear medicine: Interaction between radiation and matter Dose and isodose in radiation treatment.

Medical Instrumentation: Basic Ideas of Endoscope and Cautery, Sleep Apnoea and Cpap Machines, Ventilator and its modes.

Suggested Readings:

- Medical Physics, J.R. Cameron and J.G. Skofronick, Wiley.
- Basic Radiological Physics Dr. K. Thayalan Jayapee Brothers Medical Publishing Pvt. Ltd. New Delhi.
- Christensen's Physics of Diagnostic Radiology: Curry, Dowdey and Murry -Lippincot Williams and Wilkins.
- ➤ Physics of Radiation Therapy: F M Khan Williams and Wilkins, Third edition.
- Physics of the human body, Irving P. Herman, Springer.
- ➤ The essential physics of Medical Imaging: Bushberg, Seibert, Leidholdt and Boone Lippincot Williams and Wilkins, 2nd edn.
- ➤ Handbook of Physics in Diagnostic Imaging: R.S. Livingstone: B.I. Publication Pvt Ltd.
- The Physics of Radiology-H E Johns and Cunningham.

DSE1P: Medical Physics (Practical)

Credits 02

Practical:

1. Understanding the working of a manual Hg Blood Pressure monitor and measure the Blood Pressure.

- 2. Understanding the working of a manual optical eye-testing machine and to learn eye-testing.
- 3. Correction of Myopia (short sightedness) using a combination of lenses on an optical bench/breadboard.
- 4. Correction of Hypermetropia/Hyperopia (long sightedness) using a combination of lenses on an optical bench/breadboard.
- 5. To learn working of Thermoluminescent dosimeter (TLD) badges and measure the background radiation.
- 6. Familiarization with Geiger-Muller (GM) Counter and to measure background radiation.
- 7. Familiarization with Radiation meter and to measure background radiation.
- 8. Familiarization with the Use of a Vascular Doppler.

Suggested Readings:

- Basic Radiological Physics Dr. K. Thayalan Jayapee Brothers Medical Publishing Pvt. Ltd. New Delhi .
- Christensen's Physics of Diagnostic Radiology: Curry, Dowdey and Murry -Lippincot Williams and Wilkins.
- > Physics of Radiation Therapy: F M Khan Williams and Wilkins, Third edition.
- ➤ The essential physics of Medical Imaging: Bushberg, Seibert, Leidholdt and Boone Lippincot Williams and Wilkins, Second Edition.
- ➤ The Physics of Radiology-H E Johns and Cunningham.
- Advanced Practical Physics for students, B.L. Flint & H.T. Worsnop, Asia Publishing House.
- ➤ Handbook of Physics in Diagnostic Imaging: Roshan S. Livingstone: B. I. Publications Pvt Ltd.
- ➤ A Text Book of Practical Physics, Indu Prakash and Ramakrishna, 11th Edition, Kitab Mahal, New Delhi.

DSE-2: Solid State Physics Credits 06

DSE2T: Solid State Physics Credits 04

Course Contents:

Crystal Structure: Solids: Amorphous and Crystalline Materials. Lattice Translation Vectors. Lattice with a Basis – Central and Non-Central Elements. Unit Cell. Mille Indices. Reciprocal Lattice. Types of Lattices. Brillouin Zones. Diffraction of X-rays by Crystals. Bragg's Law. Atomic and Geometrical Factor.

Elementary Lattice Dynamics: Lattice Vibrations and Phonons: Linear Monoatomic and Diatomic Chains. Acoustical and Optical Phonons. Qualitative Description of the Phonon Spectrum in Solids. Dulong and Petit's Law, Einstein and Debye theories of specific heat of solids. T3 law

Magnetic Properties of Matter: Dia-, Para-, Ferri- and Ferromagnetic Materials. Classical Langevin Theory of dia – and Paramagnetic Domains. Quantum Mechanical Treatment of Paramagnetism. Curie's law, Weiss's Theory of Ferromagnetism and

Ferromagnetic Domains. Discussion of B-H Curve. Hysteresis and Energy Loss.

Dielectric Properties of Materials: Polarization. Local Electric Field at an Atom. Depolarization Field. Electric Susceptibility. Polarizability. Clausius Mosotti Equation. Classical Theory of Electric Polarizability. Normal and Anomalous Dispersion. Cauchy and Sellmeir relations. Langevin-Debye equation. Complex Dielectric Constant. Optical Phenomena. Application: Plasma Oscillations, Plasma Frequency, Plasmons.

Elementary band theory: Kronig Penny model. Band Gaps. Conductors, Semiconductors and insulators. P and N type Semiconductors. Conductivity of Semiconductors, mobility, Hall Effect, Hall coefficient.

Superconductivity: Experimental Results. Critical Temperature. Critical magnetic field. Meissner effect. Type I and type II Superconductors, London's Equation and Penetration Depth. Isotope effect.

Suggested Readings:

- ➤ Introduction to Solid State Physics, Charles Kittel, 8th Ed., 2004, Wiley India Pvt. Ltd.
- ➤ Elements of Solid State Physics, J.P. Srivastava, 2nd Ed., 2006, Prentice-Hall of India
- ➤ Introduction to Solids, Leonid V. Azaroff, 2004, Tata Mc-Graw Hill
- ➤ Solid State Physics, Neil W. Ashcroft and N. David Mermin, 1976, Cengage Learning
- ➤ Solid State Physics, Rita John, 2014, McGraw Hill
- Solid-state Physics, H. Ibach and H Luth, 2009, Springer
- Elementary Solid State Physics, 1/e M. Ali Omar, 1999, Pearson India
- ➤ Solid State Physics, M.A. Wahab, 2011, Narosa Publications

DSE2P: Solid State Physics (Practical)

Credits 02

Practical:

- 1. Measurement of susceptibility of paramagnetic solution (Quinck's Tube Method)
- 2. To measure the Magnetic susceptibility of Solids.
- 3. To determine the Coupling Coefficient of a Piezoelectric crystal.
- 4. To measure the Dielectric Constant of a dielectric Materials with frequency
- 5. To determine the complex dielectric constant and plasma frequency of metal using Surface Plasmon resonance (SPR)
- 6. To determine the refractive index of a dielectric layer using SPR
- 7. To study the PE Hysteresis loop of a Ferroelectric Crystal.
- 8. To draw the BH curve of iron using a Solenoid and determine the energy loss from Hysteresis.
- 9. To measure the resistivity of a semiconductor (Ge) crystal with temperature by four probe method (from room temperature to 150 ° C) and to determine its band gap.
- 10. To determine the Hall coefficient of a semiconductor sample.

Suggested Readings:

- Advanced Practical Physics for students, B.L. Flint and H.T. Worsnop, 1971, Asia Publishing ouse.
- Advanced level Physics Practicals, Michael Nelson and Jon M. Ogborn, 4th Edition, reprinted 1985, Heinemann Educational Publishers
- ➤ A Text Book of Practical Physics, Indu Prakash and Ramakrishna, 11th Ed., 2011, Kitab Mahal, New Delhi
- ➤ Elements of Solid State Physics, J.P. Srivastava, 2nd Ed., 2006, Prentice-Hall of India.

Or

DSE-2: Digital and Analog Circuits and Instrumentation Credits 06

DSE2T: Digital and Analog Circuits and Instrumentation Credits 04

Course Contents

UNIT-1: Digital Circuits

Difference between Analog and Digital Circuits. Binary Numbers. Decimal to Binary and Binary to Decimal Conversion, AND, OR and NOT Gates (Realization using Diodes and Transistor). NAND and NOR Gates as Universal Gates. XOR and XNOR Gates. De Morgan's Theorems. Boolean Laws. Simplification of Logic Circuit using Boolean Algebra. Fundamental Products. Minterms and Maxterms. Conversion of a Truth Table into an Equivalent Logic Circuit by (1) Sum of Products Method and (2) Karnaugh Map. Binary Addition. Binary Subtraction using 2's Complement Method).Half Adders and Full Adders and Subtractors, 4-bit binary Adder-Subtractor.

UNIT-2: Semiconductor Devices and Amplifiers

Semiconductor Diodes: p and n type semiconductors. Barrier Formation in PN Junction Diode. Qualitative Idea of Current Flow Mechanism in Forward and Reverse Biased Diode. PN junction and its characteristics. Static and Dynamic Resistance. Principle and structure of (1) LEDs (2) Photodiode (3) Solar Cell.

Bipolar Junction transistors: n-p-n and p-n-p Transistors. Characteristics of CB, CE and CC Configurations. Active, Cut off, and Saturation Regions. Current gains α and β . Relations between α and β . Load Line analysis of Transistors. DC Load line and Q point. Voltage divider Bias Circuit for CE Amplifier. h-parameter Equivalent Circuit. Analysis of a single-stage CE amplifier using Hybrid Model. Input and Output Impedance. Current, Voltage and Power Gains. Class A, B, and C Amplifiers.

UNIT-3: Operational Amplifiers (Black Box approach):

Characteristics of an Ideal and Practical Op-Amp (IC 741), Open-loop& Closed-loop Gain. CMRR, concept of Virtual ground. Applications of Op-Amps: (1) Inverting and Non-inverting Amplifiers, (2) Adder, (3) Sub tractor, (4) Differentiator, (5) Integrator, (6) Zero Crossing Detector.

Sinusoidal Oscillators: Barkhausen's Criterion for Self-sustained Oscillations. Determination of Frequency of RC Oscillator

UNIT-4: Instrumentations

Introduction to CRO: Block Diagram of CRO. Applications of CRO: (1) Study of Waveform, (2) Measurement of Voltage, Current, Frequency, and Phase Difference. Power Supply: Half-wave Rectifiers. Centre-tapped and Bridge Full-wave Rectifiers Calculation of Ripple Factor and Rectification Efficiency, Basic idea about capacitor filter, Zener Diode and Voltage Regulation

Timer IC: IC 555 Pin diagram and its application as Astable & Monostable Multivibrator

Suggested Readings:

- Integrated Electronics, J. Millman and C.C. Halkias, Tata Mc-Graw Hill.
- ➤ Electronic devices and circuits, S. Salivahanan and N. Suresh Kumar, Tata Mc-Graw Hill.
- ➤ Microelectronic Circuits, M.H. Rashid, 2nd, Cengage Learning.
- Modern Electronic Instrumentation & Measurement Tech., elfrick & Cooper, PHI Learning
- Digital Principles & Applications, A.P. Malvino, D.P. Leach & Saha, 7th Ed., Tata McGraw Hill
- Microelectronic circuits, A.S. Sedra, K.C. Smith, A.N. Chandorkar, 6th Edn., Oxford University Press.
- Fundamentals of Digital Circuits, A. Anand Kumar, 2nd Edition, PHI Learning Pvt. Ltd.
- > OP-AMP and Linear Digital Circuits, R.A. Gayakwad, PHI Learning Pvt. Ltd.

DSE2P: Digital and Analog Circuits and Instrumentation (Practical) Credits 02

Practical:

- 1. To measure (a) Voltage, and (b) Frequency of a periodic waveform using a CRO
- 2. To verify and design AND, OR, NOT and XOR gates using NAND gates.
- 3. To minimize a given logic circuit.
- 4. Half adder, Full adder and 4-bit Binary Adder.
- 5. Adder-Sub tractor using Full Adder I.C.
- 6. To design an astable multivibrator of given specifications using 555 Timer.
- 7. To design a monostable multivibrator of given specifications using 555 Timer.
- 8. To study IV characteristics of PN diode, Zener and Light emitting diode
- 9. To study the characteristics of a Transistor in CE configuration.
- 10. To design a CE amplifier of a given gain (mid-gain) using voltage divider bias.
- 11. To design an inverting amplifier of given gain using Op-amp 741 and study its frequency response.
- 12. To design a non-inverting amplifier of given gain using Op-amp 741 and study its Frequency Response.
- 13. To study a precision Differential Amplifier of given I/O specification using Opamp.
- 14. To investigate the use of an op-amp as a Differentiator
- 15. To design a Wien Bridge Oscillator using an op-amp.

Suggested Readings:

- ➤ Basic Electronics: A text lab manual, P.B. Zbar, A.P. Malvino, M.A. Miller, Mc-Graw Hill.
- Electronics: Fundamentals and Applications, J.D. Ryder, Prentice Hall.
- ➤ OP-Amps and Linear Integrated Circuit, R. A. Gayakwad, 4th edition, Prentice Hall.
- Electronic Principle, Albert Malvino, Tata Mc-Graw Hill.

Or

DSE-2: Nuclear & Particle Physics

Credits 06

DSE-2T: Nuclear & Particle Physics

Credits 06 (05+01)

Course Contents:

General Properties of Nuclei: Constituents of nucleus and their Intrinsic properties, quantitative facts about size, mass, charge density (matter energy), binding energy, average binding energy and its variation with mass number, main features of binding energy versus mass number curve, N/A plot, angular momentum, parity, magnetic moment, electric moments, nuclear excites states.

Nuclear Models: Liquid drop model approach, semi empirical mass formula and significance of various terms, condition of nuclear stability. Two nucleon separation energies, Fermi gas model (degenerate fermion gas, nuclear symmetry potential in Fermi gas), evidence for nuclear shell structure, nuclear magic numbers, basic assumption of shell model, concept of mean field, residual interaction, concept of nuclear force.

Radioactivity decay:(a) Alpha decay: basics of α -decay processes, theory of α - emission, Gamow factor, Geiger Nuttall law, α -decay spectroscopy. (b) β - decay: energy kinematics for β -decay, positron emission, electron capture, neutrino hypothesis. (c) Gamma decay: Gamma rays emission & kinematics, internal conversion.

Nuclear Reactions: Types of Reactions, Conservation Laws, kinematics of reactions, Q-value, reaction rate, reaction cross section, Concept of compound and direct reaction, resonance reaction, Coulomb scattering (Rutherford scattering).

Interaction of Nuclear Radiation with matter: Energy loss due to ionization (Bethe-Block formula), energy loss of electrons, Cerenkov radiation, Gamma ray interaction through matter, photoelectric effect, Compton scattering, pair production, neutron interaction with matter.

Detector for Nuclear Radiations: Gas detectors: estimation of electric field, mobility of particle, for ionization chamber and GM Counter. Basic principle of Scintillation Detectors and construction of photo-multiplier tube (PMT). Semiconductor Detectors (Si & Ge) for charge particle and photon detection (concept of charge carrier and mobility).

Particle Accelerators: Accelerator facility available in India: Van-de Graaff generator (Tandem accelerator), Linear accelerator, Cyclotron, Synchrotrons.

Particle physics: Particle interactions; basic features, types of particles and its families. Symmetries and Conservation Laws: energy and momentum, angular momentum, parity, baryon number, Lepton number, Isospin, Strangeness and charm, concept of quark model, color quantum number and gluons.

Suggested Readings:

- Introductory nuclear Physics by Kenneth S. Krane (Wiley India Pvt. Ltd., 2008).
- Concepts of nuclear physics by Bernard L. Cohen. (Tata Mcgraw Hill, 1998).
- ➤ Introduction to the physics of nuclei & particles, R.A. Dunlap. (Thomson Asia, 2004)
- ➤ Introduction to Elementary Particles, D. Griffith, John Wiley & Sons
- ➤ Quarks and Leptons, F. Halzen and A.D. Martin, Wiley India, New Delhi
- ➤ Basic ideas and concepts in Nuclear Physics An Introductory Approach by K. Heyde (IOP- Institute of Physics Publishing, 2004).
- Radiation detection and measurement, G.F. Knoll (John Wiley & Sons, 2000).
- ➤ Theoretical Nuclear Physics, J.M. Blatt & V.F.Weisskopf (Dover Pub.Inc., 1991)

Skill Enhancement Course (SEC)

SEC-1: Physics Workshop Skill

Credits 02

SEC1T: Physics Workshop Skill

Course Contents:

Introduction:

Measuring units. conversion to SI and CGS. Familiarization with meter scale, Vernier calliper, Screw gauge and their utility. Measure the dimension of a solid block, volume of cylindrical beaker/glass, diameter of a thin wire, thickness of metal sheet, etc. Use of Sextant to measure height of buildings, mountains, etc.

Mechanical Skill:

Concept of workshop practice. Overview of manufacturing methods: casting, foundry, machining, forming and welding. Types of welding joints and welding defects. Common materials used for manufacturing like steel, copper, iron, metal sheets, composites and alloy, wood. Concept of machine processing, introduction to common machine tools like lathe, shaper, drilling, milling and surface machines. Cutting tools, lubricating oils. Cutting of a metal sheet using blade. Smoothening of cutting edge of sheet using file. Drilling of holes of different diameter in metal sheet and wooden block. Use of bench vice and tools for fitting. Make funnel using metal sheet.

Electrical and Electronic Skill:

Use of Multimeter. Soldering of electrical circuits having discrete components (R, L, C, diode) and ICs on PCB. Operation of oscilloscope. Making regulated power supply. Timer circuit, Electronic switch using transistor and relay.

Introduction to prime movers:

Mechanism, gear system, wheel, Fixing of gears with motor axel. Lever mechanism, Lifting of heavy weight using lever. braking systems, pulleys, working principle of power generation systems. Demonstration of pulley experiment.

Suggested Readings:

- ➤ A text book in Electrical Technology B L Theraja S. Chand and Company.
- ➤ Performance and design of AC machines M.G. Say, ELBS Edn.
- Mechanical workshop practice, K.C. John, PHI Learning Pvt. Ltd.
- Workshop Processes, Practices and Materials, Bruce J Black 3rd Edn., Editor Newnes
- ➤ New Engineering Technology, Lawrence Smyth/Liam Hennessy, The Educational Company of Ireland .

Or

SEC-1: Computational Physics

Credits 02

SEC-1T: Computational Physics

Credit 01

Course Contents:

Introduction:

Importance of computers in Physics, paradigm for solving physics problems for solution. Usage of linux as an Editor.

Algorithms and Flowcharts:

Algorithm: Definition, properties and development. Flowchart: Concept of flowchart, symbols, guidelines, types. Examples: Cartesian to Spherical Polar Coordinates, Roots of Quadratic Equation, Sum of two matrices, Sum and Product of a finite series, calculation of sin (x) as a series, algorithm for plotting (1) lissajous figures and (2) trajectory of a projectile thrown at an angle with the horizontal.

Scientific Programming:

Some fundamental Linux Commands (Internal and External commands). Development of FORTRAN, Basic elements of FORTRAN: Character Set, Constants and their types, Variables and their types, Keywords, Variable Declaration and concept of instruction and program. Operators: Arithmetic, Relational, Logical and assignment Operators. Expressions: Arithmetic, Relational, Logical, Character and Assignment Expressions. Fortran Statements: I/O Statements (unformatted/formatted) Executable and Non-Executable Statements, Layout of Fortran Program, Format of writing Program and concept of coding, Initialization and Replacement Logic. Examples from physics problems.

Control Statements:

Types of Logic (Sequential, Selection, Repetition), Branching Statements (Logical IF, Arithmetic IF, Block IF, Nested Block IF, SELECT CASE and ELSE IF Ladder statements), Looping Statements (DO-CONTINUE, DO-ENDDO, DOWHILE, Implied and Nested DO Loops), Jumping Statements (Unconditional GOTO, Computed GOTO, Assigned GOTO) Subscripted Variables (Arrays: Types of Arrays, DIMENSION Statement, Reading and Writing Arrays), Functions and Subroutines (Arithmetic Statement Function, Function Subprogram and Subroutine), RETURN, CALL, COMMON and EQUIVALENCE Statements), Structure, Disk I/O Statements, open a file, writing in a file, reading from a file. Examples from physics problems.

Programming:

- 1. Exercises on syntax on usage of FORTRAN
- 2. Usage of GUI Windows, Linux Commands, familiarity with DOS commands and working in an editor to write sources codes in FORTRAN.
- 3. To print out all natural even/odd numbers between given limits.
- 4. To find maximum, minimum and range of a given set of numbers.
- 5. Calculating Euler number using exp(x) series evaluated at x=1

Scientific word processing:

Introduction to LaTeX:

TeX/LaTeX word processor, preparing a basic LaTeX file, Document classes, preparing an input file for LaTeX, Compiling LaTeX File, LaTeX tags for creating different environments, Defining LaTeX commands and environments, changing the type style, Symbols from other languages.

Equation representation: Formulae and equations, Figures and other floating bodies, Lining in olumns- Tabbing and tabular environment, Generating table of contents, bibliography and citation, Making an index and glossary, List making environments, Fonts, Picture environment and colors, errors.

Visualization: Introduction to graphical analysis and its limitations. Introduction to Gnuplot. importance of visualization of computational and computational data, basic Gnuplot commands: simple plots, plotting data from a file, saving and exporting, multiple data sets per file, physics with Gnuplot (equations, building functions, user defined variables and unctions), Understanding data with Gnuplot

SEC-1P: Practical Credit 01

Hands on exercises:

- 1. To compile a frequency distribution and evaluate mean, standard deviation etc.
- 2. To evaluate sum of finite series and the area under a curve.
- 3. To find the product of two matrices
- 4. To find a set of prime numbers and Fibonacci series.



- 5. To write program to open a file and generate data for plotting using Gnu plot.
- 6. Plotting trajectory of a projectile projected horizontally.
- 7. Plotting trajectory of a projectile projected making an angle with the horizontally.
- 8. Creating an input Gnuplot file for plotting a data and saving the output for seeing on the screen. Saving it as an eps file and as a pdf file.
- 9. To find the roots of a quadratic equation.
- 10. Motion of a projectile using simulation and plot the output for visualization.
- 11. Numerical solution of equation of motion of simple harmonic oscillator and plot the outputs for visualization.
- 12. Motion of particle in a central force field and plot the output for visualization.

Suggested Readings:

- ➤ Introduction to Numerical Analysis, S.S. Sastry, 5th Edn., 2012, PHI Learning Pvt. Ltd
- Computer Programming in Fortran 77". V. Rajaraman (Publisher: PHI).
- ➤ LaTeX-A Document Preparation System", Leslie Lamport (Second Edition, Addison-Wesley, 1994).
- ➤ Gnuplot in action: understanding data with graphs, Philip K Janert, (Manning 2010)
- Schaum's Outline of Theory and Problems of Programming with Fortran, S Lipsdutz and A Poe, 1986Mc-Graw Hill Book Co.
- ➤ Computational Physics: An Introduction, R. C. Verma, et al. New Age International Publishers, New Delhi.
- ➤ A first course in Numerical Methods, U.M. Ascher and C. Greif, 2012, PHI Learning
- ➤ Elementary Numerical Analysis, K.E. Atkinson, 3rd edn., 2007, Wiley India Edition.

SEC-2: Electrical Circuits and Network Skills

Credits 02

SEC2T: Electrical Circuits and Network Skills

Course Contents:

Basic Electricity Principles:

Voltage, Current, Resistance, and Power. Ohm's law. Series, parallel, and series-parallel combinations. AC Electricity and DC Electricity. Familiarization with multimeter, voltmeter and ammeter.

Understanding Electrical Circuits:

Main electric circuit elements and their combination. Rules to analyze DC sourced electrical circuits. Current and voltage drop across the DC circuit elements. Single-phase and three-phase alternating current sources. Rules to analyze AC sourced electrical circuits. Real, imaginary and complex power components of AC source. Power factor. Saving energy and money.

Electrical Drawing and Symbols:

Drawing symbols. Blueprints. Reading Schematics. Ladder diagrams. Electrical Schematics. Power circuits. Control circuits. Reading of circuit schematics. Tracking the connections of elements and identify current flow and voltage drop.

Generators and Transformers:

DC Power sources. AC/DC generators. Inductance, capacitance, and impedance. Operation of transformers.

Electric Motors:

Single-phase, three-phase & DC motors. Basic design. Interfacing DC or AC sources to control heaters & motors. Speed & power of ac motor.

Solid-State Devices:

Resistors, inductors and capacitors. Diode and rectifiers. Components in Series or in shunt. Response of inductors and capacitors with DC or AC sources

Electrical Protection:

Relays. Fuses and disconnect switches. Circuit breakers. Overload devices. Ground-fault protection. Grounding and isolating. Phase reversal. Surge protection. Interfacing DC or AC sources to control elements (relay protection device)

Electrical Wiring:

Different types of conductors and cables. Basics of wiring-Star and delta connection. Voltage drop and losses across cables and conductors. Instruments to measure current, voltage, power in DC and AC circuits. Insulation. Solid and stranded cable. Conduit. Cable trays. Splices: wire nuts, crimps, terminal blocks, split bolts, and solder. Preparation of extension board.

Suggested Readings:

- A text book in Electrical Technology B L Theraja S Chand & Co.
- A text book of Electrical Technology A K Theraja
- ➤ Performance and design of AC machines M G Say ELBS Edn.

Or

SEC-2: Basic Instrumentation Skills

Credits 02

SEC2T: Basic Instrumentation Skills

Credit 01

Course Contents:

Basic of Measurement: Instruments accuracy, precision, sensitivity, resolution range etc. Errors in measurements and loading effects.

Multimeter: Principles of measurement of dc voltage and dc current, ac voltage, ac current and resistance. Specifications of a multimeter and their significance.

Electronic Voltmeter: Advantage over conventional multimeter for voltage measurement with respect to input impedance and sensitivity. Principles of voltage, measurement (block diagram only). Specifications of an electronic Voltmeter/ Multimeter and their significance.

AC millivoltmeter: Type of AC millivoltmeters: Amplifier- rectifier, and rectifier-amplifier. Block diagram ac millivoltmeter, specifications and their significance.

Cathode Ray Oscilloscope: Block diagram of basic CRO. Construction of CRT, Electron gun, electrostatic focusing and acceleration (Explanation only— no mathematical treatment), brief discussion on screen phosphor, visual persistence & chemical composition. Time base operation, synchronization. Front panel controls. Specifications of a CRO and their significance. Use of CRO for the measurement of voltage (dc and ac frequency, time period. Special features of dual trace, introduction to digital oscilloscope, probes. Digital storage Oscilloscope: Block diagram and principle of working.

Signal Generators and Analysis Instruments: Block diagram, explanation and specifications of low frequency signal generators. pulse generator, and function generator. Brief idea for testing, specifications. Distortion factor meter, wave analysis.

Impedance Bridges & Q-Meters: Block diagram of bridge. working principles of basic (balancing type) RLC bridge. Specifications of RLC bridge. Block diagram & working principles of a Q- Meter. Digital LCR bridges.

Digital Instruments: Principle and working of digital meters. Comparison of analog & digital instruments. Characteristics of a digital meter. Working principles of digital voltmeter.

Digital Multimeter: Block diagram and working of a digital multimeter. Working principle of time interval, frequency and period measurement using universal counter/frequency counter, time- base stability, accuracy and resolution.

SEC2P: Practical Credit 01

The test of lab skills will be of the following test items:

- 1. Use of an oscilloscope.
- 2. CRO as a versatile measuring device.
- 3. Circuit tracing of Laboratory electronic equipment,
- 4. Use of Digital multimeter/VTVM for measuring voltages
- 5. Circuit tracing of Laboratory electronic equipment,
- 6. Winding a coil / transformer.
- 7. Study the layout of receiver circuit.
- 8. Trouble shooting a circuit
- 9. Balancing of bridges

Laboratory Exercises:

1. To observe the loading effect of a multimeter while measuring voltage across a low resistance and high resistance.

http://www.vidyasagar.ac.in/Downloads/ShowPdf.aspx?file=/UG_Syllabus_CBCS_FULL/BSC_GENERAL/Physics_General.pdf

- 2. To observe the limitations of a multimeter for measuring high frequency voltage and currents.
- 3. To measure Q of a coil and its dependence on frequency, using a Q-meter.
- 4. Measurement of voltage, frequency, time period and phase angle using CRO.
- 5. Measurement of time period, frequency, average period using universal counter/frequency counter.
- 6. Measurement of rise, fall and delay times using a CRO.
- 7. Measurement of distortion of a RF signal generator using distortion factor meter.
- 8. Measurement of R, L and C using a LCR bridge/universal bridge.

Open Ended Experiments:

- 1. Using a Dual Trace Oscilloscope
- 2. Converting the range of a given measuring instrument (voltmeter, ammeter)

Suggested Readings:

- A text book in Electrical Technology B L Theraja S Chand and Co.
- ➤ Performance and design of AC machines M G Say ELBS Edn.
- Digital Circuits and systems, Venugopal, 2011, Tata McGraw Hill.
- ➤ Logic circuit design, Shimon P. Vingron, 2012, Springer.
- ➤ Digital Electronics, Subrata Ghoshal, 2012, Cengage Learning.
- ➤ Electronic Devices and circuits, S. Salivahanan & N. S.Kumar, 3rd Ed., 2012, Tata Mc-Graw Hill
- ➤ Electronic circuits: Handbook of design and applications, U.Tietze, Ch.Schenk, 2008, Springer
- Electronic Devices, 7/e Thomas L. Floyd, 2008, Pearson India

SEC-3: Renewable Energy and Energy Harvesting Credits 02

SEC3T: Renewable Energy and Energy Harvesting Credit 01

Course Contents:

Fossil fuels and Alternate Sources of energy: Fossil fuels and Nuclear Energy, their limitation, need of renewable energy, non-conventional energy sources. An overview of developments in Offshore Wind Energy, Tidal Energy, Wave energy systems, Ocean Thermal Energy Conversion, solar energy, biomass, biochemical conversion, biogas generation, geothermal energy tidal energy, Hydroelectricity.

Solar energy: Solar energy, its importance, storage of solar energy, solar pond, non convective solar pond, applications of solar pond and solar energy, solar water heater, flat plate collector, solar distillation, solar cooker, solar green houses, solar cell, absorption air conditioning. Need and characteristics of photovoltaic (PV) systems, PV models and equivalent circuits, and sun tracking systems.

Wind Energy harvesting: Fundamentals of Wind energy, Wind Turbines and different electrical machines in wind turbines, Power electronic interfaces, and grid interconnection topologies.

Ocean Energy: Ocean Energy Potential against Wind and Solar, Wave Characteristics and Statistics, Wave Energy Devices. Tide characteristics and Statistics, Tide Energy Technologies, Ocean Thermal Energy, Osmotic Power, Ocean Bio-mass.

Geothermal Energy: Geothermal Resources, Geothermal Technologies.

Hydro Energy: Hydropower resources, hydropower technologies, environmental impact of hydro power sources.

Piezoelectric Energy harvesting: Introduction, Physics and characteristics of piezoelectric effect, materials and mathematical description of piezoelectricity, Piezoelectric parameters and modelling piezoelectric generators, Piezoelectric energy harvesting applications, Human power

Electromagnetic Energy Harvesting: Linear generators, physics mathematical models, recent applications. Carbon captured technologies, cell, batteries, power consumption Environmental issues and Renewable sources of energy, sustainability.

SEC3P: Practical Credit 01

Demonstrations and Experiments

- 1. Demonstration of training modules on solar energy, wind energy, etc.
- 2. Conversion of vibration to voltage using piezoelectric materials
- 3. Conversion of thermal energy into voltage using thermoelectric modules.

Suggested Readings:

- Non-conventional energy sources G.D Rai Khanna Publishers, New Delhi
- Solar energy M P Agarwal S Chand and Co. Ltd.
- Solar energy Suhas P Sukhative Tata McGraw Hill Publishing Company Ltd.
- ➤ Godfrey Boyle, "Renewable Energy, Power for a sustainable future", 2004, Oxford University Press, in association with The Open University.
- ➤ Dr. P Jayakumar, Solar Energy: Resource Assesment Handbook, 2009
- ➤ J.Balfour, M.Shaw and S. Jarosek, Photovoltaics, Lawrence J Goodrich (USA).
- http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Renewable energy

SEC-4: Weather Forecasting

Credits 02

SEC4T: Weather Forecasting

Credit 01

Course Contents:

Introduction to atmosphere: Elementary idea of atmosphere: physical structure and composition; compositional layering of the atmosphere; variation of pressure and temperature with height; air temperature; requirements to measure air temperature;

temperature sensors: types; atmospheric pressure: its measurement; cyclones and anticyclones: its characteristics.

Measuring the weather: Wind; forces acting to produce wind; wind speed direction: units, its direction; measuring wind speed and direction; humidity, clouds and rainfall, radiation: absorption, emission and scattering in atmosphere; radiation laws.

Weather systems: Global wind systems; air masses and fronts: classifications; jet streams; local thunderstorms; tropical cyclones: classification; tornadoes; hurricanes.

Climate and Climate Change: Climate: its classification; causes of climate change; global warming and its outcomes; air pollution; aerosols, ozone depletion, acid rain, environmental issues related to climate.

Basics of weather forecasting: Weather forecasting: analysis and its historical background; need of measuring weather; types of weather forecasting; weather forecasting methods; criteria of choosing weather station; basics of choosing site and exposure; satellites observations in weather forecasting; weather maps; uncertainty and predictability; probability forecasts.

SEC-4P: Practical Credit 01

Demonstrations and Experiments:

- 1. Study of synoptic charts & weather reports, working principle of weather station.
- 2. Processing and analysis of weather data:
 - (a) To calculate the sunniest time of the year.
 - (b) To study the variation of rainfall amount and intensity by wind direction.
 - (c) To observe the sunniest/driest day of the week.
 - (d) To examine the maximum and minimum temperature throughout the year.
 - (e) To evaluate the relative humidity of the day.
 - (f) To examine the rainfall amount month wise.
- 3. Exercises in chart reading: Plotting of constant pressure charts, surfaces charts, upper wind charts and its analysis.
- 4. Formats and elements in different types of weather forecasts/ warning (both aviation and non aviation)

Suggested Readings:

- Aviation Meteorology, I.C. Joshi, 3rd edition 2014, Himalayan Books
- ➤ The weather Observers Hand book, Stephen Burt, 2012, Cambridge University Press.
- Meteorology, S.R. Ghadekar, 2001, Agromet Publishers, Nagpur.
- ➤ Text Book of Agrometeorology, S.R. Ghadekar, 2005, Agromet Publishers, Nagpur.
- Why the weather, Charls Franklin Brooks, 1924, Chpraman & Hall, London.
- Atmosphere and Ocean, John G. Harvey, 1995, The Artemis Press.